

英语（一）练习一（Unit 1-Unit 3）

一、完形补文

1. Don't leave the important things behind
- My brother is leaving for college soon, and my mom has been pestering (纠缠) him to clean out his desk. Most ___1___ (significance) of these items in the desk is his journal, which has been filled with ___2___ (create) writing. I always make fun of his ideas, but he didn't give up, and now he plans on using his college ___3___ (educate) to write books from those stories one day.
- As I watch my brother throw out some papers, I realize how much we have ___4___ (grow) up. My brother looks like a man with a ___5___ (collar) shirt and dress pants. I think back to how he looked in elementary school — funny glasses and constant ___6___ (optimistic) as he wrote in his journal. I can't believe he's going to college now.
- He was planning a trip for us to go to visit our cousin, but I have decided he should go without me. "Have fun on your own," I said with heavy eyes. Then I told him not to call for advice while he was away, because it would be his time, not ___7___ (we).
- I give him a hug and tell him to be ___8___ (exciting) about his trip. I know he is ready for the next four years. I'll be heartbroken the day he leaves, but I'll use those ___9___ (emotional) as motivation to make the most of my last year in high school. I hand him his journal and tell him not to leave his ___10___ (create) behind. Now it's time to get ready for my next four years, and my new, mature sense of self will help me through it.

1)

【答案】 significant

【解析】 答案是 significant。从 is his journal 结构中可知 Most _____ (significance) of these items in the desk 在句中作主语，再根据 most 一词可以判断出此短语应该类似于 the most important of all，此处空格应该填入一个形容词构成形容词的最高级结构，故此处答案为 significance 的形容词形式 significant。

2)

【答案】 creative

【解析】 答案是 creative。名词 writing 前应使用形容词作定语，再根据句意可以判断，此句意为：杂志里充满了各式各样有创意的文字，所以，此空应填形容词 creative，意为“创造性的”。

3)

【答案】 education

【解析】 答案是 education。由前面的限定词 his 可以推断出，此处应为物主代词 his 的中心语，应该是名词或者名词短语。Educate 的名词形式为 education。此句意为：他计划有一天，他能够从那些杂志里的涂鸦里获得一些灵感，利用这几年大学教育生涯写一些书。

4)

【答案】 grown

【解析】 答案是 grown。此题目比较容易，根据结构可以判断出此句应用了完成时态，空格中应该填入 grow 的过去分词形式 grown。

5)

【答案】 collared

【解析】 答案选 collared。collar 本意“衣领”。在此处空格中的单词作名词 shirt 的修饰语，应为一个形容词，故正确答案为 collared，意为“有衣领的”。

6)

【答案】 optimism

【解析】 答案是 optimism。形容词 constant 后面应该接名词中心语，optimistic 的名词形式为 optimism，意为“乐观主义”。

7)

【答案】 ours

【解析】 答案是 ours。此题比较容易，表语 his time, not _____ (we) 中包含的两个成分为并列成分，应该结构相同，与名词短语 his time 并列的必须是有名词性质的词语，即名词性物主代词 ours。从意义上讲也很通顺：那是他的人生，他的时间，不是我们的（人生，时间）。

8)

【答案】 excited

【解析】 答案是 excited。由此空前面的句子主干 I give him a hug and tell him to be 可以看出兴奋的主体应该是 him，即想表达“他要兴奋”之意，故应该填 excited，exciting 表示某事很令人兴奋。

9)

【答案】 emotions

【解析】 答案是 emotions。指示代词 those 后面接名词作 use 的宾语，emotional 的名词为 emotion，从 those 一词也可判断出此处的名词应为复数。

10)

【答案】 creativity

【解析】 答案是 creativity。形容词下物主代词后面应有名词中心语，名词 creativity 意为“创造力”。此句意为：我把他的杂志递给他，并告诉他：永远不要丢了他的创造力。

2. Be ready for the interview

New teachers searching for jobs must realize that the interview is the key to ___1___ (actual) getting that job. Preparing for some common teacher questions is ___2___ (helpless).

Why do you want to be a teacher?

The best way to answer this question is to ___3___ (relationship) your answer to the ___4___ (specificity) position you are applying for. If the school is looking for a ___5___ (qualification) ESL teacher, you have to convince the principal of your ___6___ (know) of English. State your reasons with ___7___ (passionate).

What will you do on the first day of school when students arrive?

I was asked this once and wasn't ___8___ (preparation). I told the principal that I didn't know how to answer that question and the interview went downhill. Even though you will work with your team to ___9___ (decision) the school tasks, you need to prepare for this question in advance.

Be prepared for the questions and you will get the ___10___ (office) title of teacher you've been aiming at.